AIR FORCE SCHOOL BAMRAULI

SPLIT-UP OF SYLLABUS ACADEMIC SESSON -2025-26

CLASS: - XI SUBJECT:-CHEMISTRY

BOOK NAME:-N.C.E.R.T

		BOOK MAINE:-N.C.E.K.1		
MONTH NAME	CHAPTER NO. & CHAPTER NAME	TOPIC/SUB TOPIC	NO OF PERIODS	ACTIVITY
APR				
MAY				
JUN	1.Some basic concept of chemistry	General Introduction: Importance and scope of Chemistry. Nature of matter, laws of chemical combination, Dalton's atomic theory: concept of elements, atoms and molecules. Atomic and molecular masses, mole concept and molar mass, percentage composition, empirical and molecular formula, chemical reactions, stoichiometry and calculations based	12	N.C.E.R.T Execises Questions and their answer
JUL	2.Structure of atoms	Discovery of Electron, Proton and Neutron, atomic number, isotopes and isobars. Thomson's model and its limitations. Rutherford's model and its limitations, Bohr's model and its limitations, concept of shells and subshells, dual nature of matter and light, de Broglie's relationship, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, concept of orbitals, quantum numbers, shapes of s, p and d orbitals, rules for filling electrons in orbitals - Aufbau principle, Pauli's exclusion principle and Hund's rule, electronic configuration of atoms, stability of half-filled and	14	N.C.E.R.T Execises Questions and their answer

AUG	3.Classification of elements and periodicity in properties	Significance of classification, brief history of the development of periodic table, modern periodic law and the present form of periodic table, periodic trends in properties of elements atomic radii, ionic radii, inert gas radii, lonization enthalpy, electron gain enthalpy, electronegativity,	08	N.C.E.R.T Execises Questions and their answer
		valency. Nomenclature of elements with atomic number greater than 100.		
SEP	4.Chemical bonding and molecular structure	Vakence Electrons, ionic bond, covalent bond, bond parameters, Lewis structure, polar character of covalent bond, covalent character of ionic bond, valence bond theory, resonance, geometry of covalent molecules, VSEPR theory, concept of hybridization, involving s, p and d orbitals and shapes of some simple molecules, molecular orbital theory of homonuclear diatomic molecules(qualitative idea only), Hydrogen bond.	14	N.C.E.R.T Execises Questions and their answer

	5.Chemical Thermodynamics	16 Periods Concepts of System and types of systems, surroundings, work, heat, energy, extensive and intensive properties, state functions. First law of thermodynamics -internal energy and enthalpy, heat capacity and specific heat, measurement of U and H, Hess's law of constant heat summation, enthalpy of bond dissociation, combustion, formation, atomization, sublimation, phase transition, ionization, solution and dilution. Second law of Thermodynamics (brief introduction) Introduction of entropy as a state function, Gibb's energy change for	16	N.C.E.R.T Execises Questions and their answer
ОСТ				
	6.Equilibrium	Equilibrium in physical and chemical processes, dynamic nature of equilibrium, law of mass action, equilibrium constant, factors affecting equilibrium - Le Chatelier's principle, ionic equilibrium- ionization of acids and bases, strong and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, ionization of poly basic acids, acid strength, concept of pH, hydrolysis of salts (elementary idea), buffer solution, Henderson Equation, solubility product, common ion effect (with illustrati	14 06	N.C.E.R.T Execises Questions and their answer
NOV		06 Periods Concept of oxidation and reduction, redox reactions, oxidation number, balancing redox reactions, in terms of loss and gain of electrons and change in oxidation number, applications		

	7.Redox			
DEC	8.Organic Chemistry Some basic principles ,and Techniques	General introduction, methods of purification, qualitative and quantitative analysis, classification and IUPAC nomenclature of organic compounds. Electronic displacements in a covalent bond: inductive effect, electromeric effect, resonance and hyper conjugation. Homolytic and heterolytic fission of a covalent bond: free radicals, carbocations, carbanions, electrophiles and nucleophiles,	14	N.C.E.R.T Execises Questions and their answer

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	9.Hydrocarbons	Nomenclature, isomerism, conformation (ethane only), physical properties, chemical reactions including free radical mechanism of halogenation, combustion and pyrolysis. Alkenes - Nomenclature, structure of double bond (ethene), geometrical isomerism, physical properties, methods of preparation, chemical reactions: addition of hydrogen, halogen, water, hydrogen halides (Markovnikov's addition and peroxide effect), ozonolysis, oxidation, mechanism of electrophilic addition. Alkynes - Nomenclature, structure of triple bond (ethyne), physical properties, methods of preparation, chemical reactions: acidic character of alkynes, addition reaction of - hydrogen, halogens, hydrogen halides and water. Aromatic Hydrocarbons: Introduction, IUPAC nomenclature, benzene: resonance, aromaticity, chemical properties: mechanism of electrophilic substitution. Nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, Friedel Craft's alkylation and acylation, directive influence of functional group in monosubstituted benzene. Carcinogenicity and toxicity.	12	N.C.E.R.T Execises Questions and their answer
JAN				
	Revision			
FEB				
MAR				